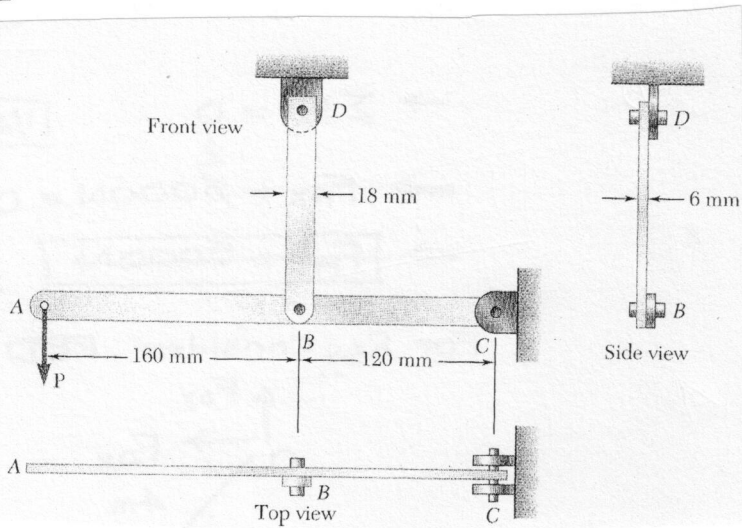


Ex 1



6 mm dia. pin at C; ①
 10 mm dia pins at B, D;
 Ultimate shearing stress is 150 MPa in all connections;
 Ultimate tensile stress 400 MPa in BD.
 F.S desired is = 3.
Find = Largest P.

$$F_{BD} = \frac{280}{120} P = \frac{7}{3} P. \quad ; \quad R_C = -P + F_{BD} = \frac{4}{3} P.$$

$$\sigma_{BD} = \frac{F_{BD}}{(18-10) \times 6 / (1000)^2} \quad (\text{at B, D, critical}) = (\sigma_u)_{BD} / F.S$$

$$= 400 / 3 \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$\tau_{\text{pin, D}} = \frac{F_{BD}}{\pi (10/1000)^2 / 4} = \tau_{\text{pin, B}} = \tau_u / F.S = 150 / 3$$

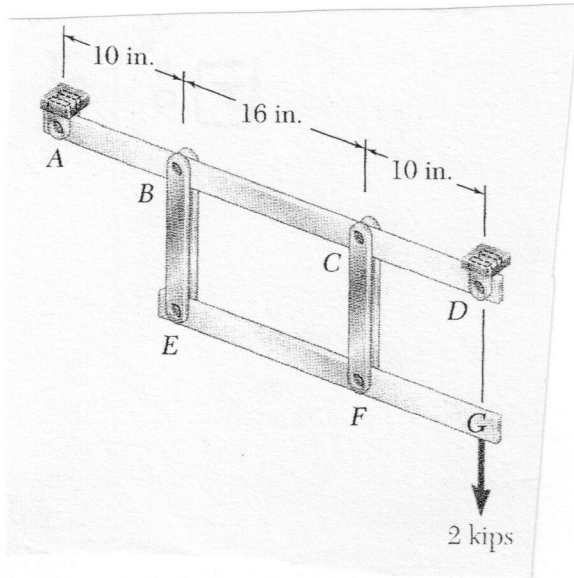
$$\rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

$$\tau_{\text{pin, C}} = \frac{R_C}{2 \pi (6/1000)^2 / 4} = 150 / 3 \rightarrow \textcircled{3}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \rightarrow P = 2743 \text{ N}, \quad \textcircled{2} \rightarrow P = 1683 \text{ N}, \quad P = 2121 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{cr} = 1683 \text{ N.} \quad \blacktriangleleft$$

Ex 2



Each link CF is $\frac{1}{4} \times 1$ area. (2)

$$(\sigma_u)_{CF} = 60 \text{ ksi}$$

Pins at C, F, dia = $\frac{1}{2}$ "

$$(\tau_u)_{\text{pins C, F}} = 25 \text{ ksi}$$

Find: F.S. for CF and pins C and F.

$$F_{CF} = 2 \times \frac{26}{16} \text{ carried by two links.}$$

$$\text{So each link carries } \frac{F_{CF}}{2} = \frac{13}{8}$$

$$\sigma_{CF} = \frac{13/8}{0.25 \times (1 - \frac{1}{2})} = 13 \text{ ksi.}$$

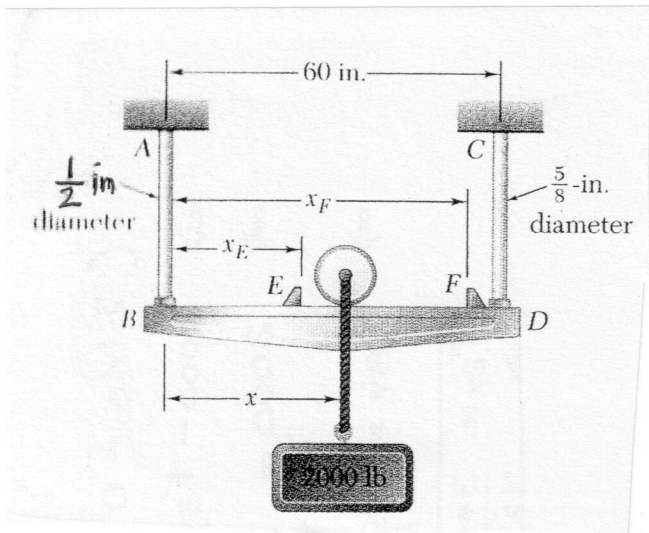
$$(FS)_{\sigma} = \frac{60}{13} = 9.23 = 4.62$$

$$(\tau)_{\text{pin C, F}} = \frac{F_{CF}}{2 \pi (0.5)^2 / 4} = 8.276 \text{ ksi}$$

$$(FS)_{\tau} = \frac{25}{8.276} = 3.02$$

$$\Rightarrow FS = 3.02 \text{ (overall)} \blacktriangleleft$$

Ex 3



③

$\tau_{all} = 6 \text{ ksi}$ for AB, CD
Find: where stops E, F to be placed to allow max motion of load 2000 lb

$$(F_{AB})_{\max} = \frac{60 - x_E}{60} \times 2000, \quad (F_{CF})_{\max} = \frac{x_F}{60} \times 2000$$

For $(F_{AB})_{\max}$, $\frac{60 - x_E}{60} \times \frac{2000}{\pi (0.5)^2 / 4} = \tau_{all} = 6 \text{ ksi} = 6 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$

$$x_E = 24.657''$$

check: $F_{CF} = \frac{x_E}{60} \times 2000$, $\tau_{CF} = \frac{x_E \times 2000}{60 \times \pi (5/8)^2 / 4}$

↓
 { Actually this check not reqd. $\because F_{CD} < F_{AB}$ when load at x_E and $A_{CD} > A_{AB}$ } = 2679 psi < 6000 psi
So OK.

For $(F_{CF})_{\max}$, $\frac{x_F}{60} \times \frac{2000}{\pi (5/8)^2 / 4} = 6000 \text{ psi}$

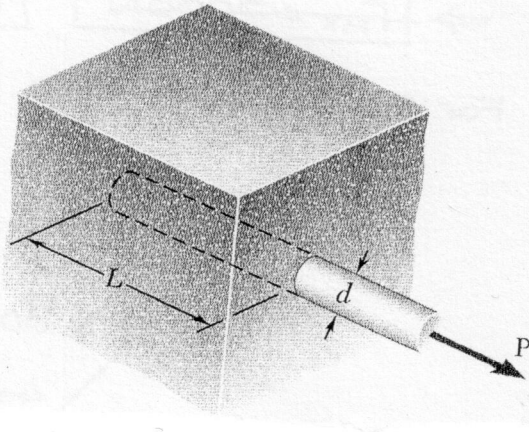
$$x_F = 55.223''$$

So load between $24.7''$ to $55.2''$.

check: $\tau_{AB} = \left(\frac{60 - x_F}{60} \right) (2000) \left(\frac{1}{\pi (0.5)^2 / 4} \right)$

{ required $\because F_{AB} < F_{CD}$ when load at x_F but $A_{AB} < A_{CD}$ } = 810.96 psi < 6000 psi, So OK

Ex 4

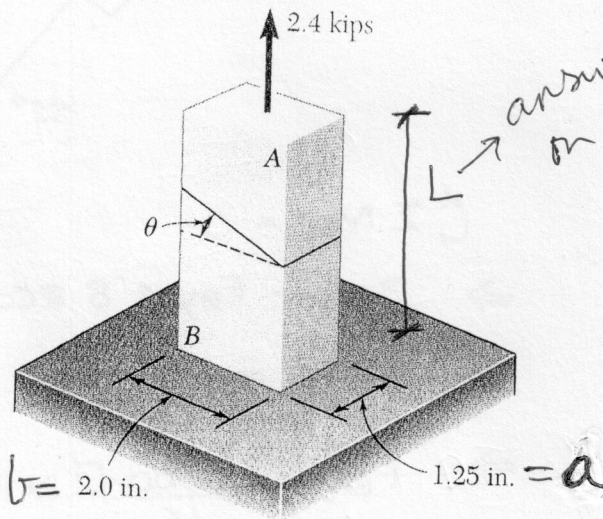


Find L_{min} to develop full τ_{all} in steel bar embedded in concrete. Use τ_{all} bond strength between steel bar & concrete.

(4)

$$P = \tau_{all} \pi \frac{d^2}{4} L = \tau_{all} \pi d L_{min} \Rightarrow L_{min} = \frac{\tau_{all} d}{4 \tau_{all}}$$

Ex 5



answer depends on L

Two portions of AB glued along plane θ .
 $\tau_u = 2.5$ ksi (tension)
 $\tau_s = 1.3$ ksi (shear)
 Find θ for which F.S. is max, and corresponding F.S.

$$(FS)_{\sigma} = \frac{2.5}{\left(\frac{P}{A_0} \cos^2 \theta\right)} = \frac{5 A_0}{P} \frac{1}{(1 + \cos 2\theta)} \rightarrow (1)$$

$$(FS)_{\tau} = \frac{1.3}{\left(\frac{P}{A_0} \frac{\sin 2\theta}{2}\right)} = \frac{2.6 A_0}{P} \frac{1}{\sin 2\theta} \rightarrow (2)$$

For $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi/2$, $(FS)_{\sigma} \uparrow$ as $\theta \uparrow$?
 $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi/4$, $(FS)_{\tau} \downarrow$ as $\theta \uparrow$?
 $\frac{\pi}{4} \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$, $(FS)_{\tau} \uparrow$ as $\theta \uparrow$?
 So there curves of $(FS)_{\sigma}$ v/s θ & $(FS)_{\tau}$ v/s θ intersect. (see Fig on next pg)

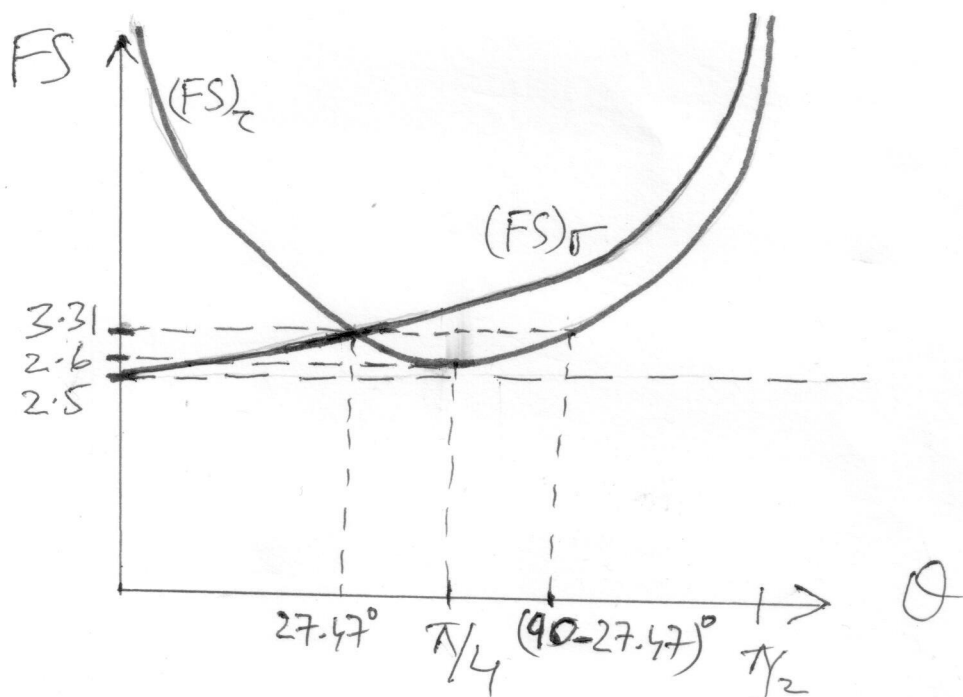
$$(FS)_{\sigma} = (FS)_{\tau} \text{ gives intersection, } 5 \sin 2\theta = 2.6 (1 + \cos 2\theta) = 5.2 \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{5.2}{10}, \quad \theta = 27.47^\circ$$

$$(FS)_r = (FS)_\tau = \frac{5 \times (2 \times 1.25)}{2.4} \cdot \frac{1}{1 + \cos(2 \times 27.47^\circ)}$$

$$= 3.31$$

Above is valid if $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{L}{b}\right) \leq (90 - 27.47)^\circ$



If $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{L}{b}\right) > 62.53^\circ$, $\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{L}{b}\right)$

$(FS)_{max} =$ from Eqn (2) using this θ
 $= (FS)_\tau$

~~$$(F-2)^\theta = (F-2)^\tau = \frac{5.2}{2(5 \times 1.52)} \cdot \frac{1}{(1 + \cos(5 \times \dots))}$$~~

~~$$\Rightarrow \text{for } \theta = \frac{10}{1.3}, \quad \theta = \dots$$~~