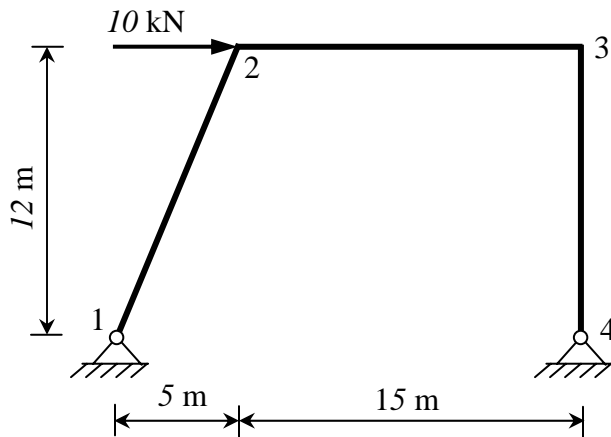
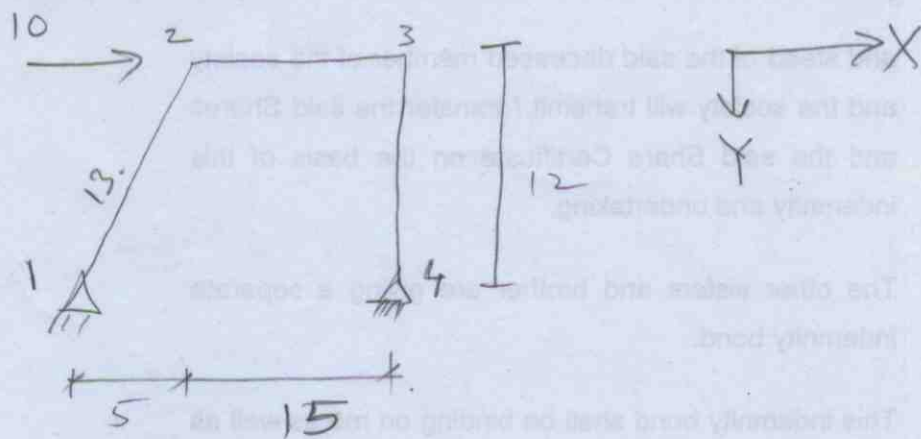


Solve by Flexibility Matrix method. Select horizontal reaction at node 4 as the redundant. Take $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{F}_1 = \{\mathbf{F}_{21}^T \ \mathbf{F}_{32}^T \ \mathbf{F}_{43}^T\}^T$. Take $I/A = 3000 \text{ mm}^2$, and E, I, A , same for all members. Determine redundants, members end forces, nodal displacements.



CE317 Tutorial 10.

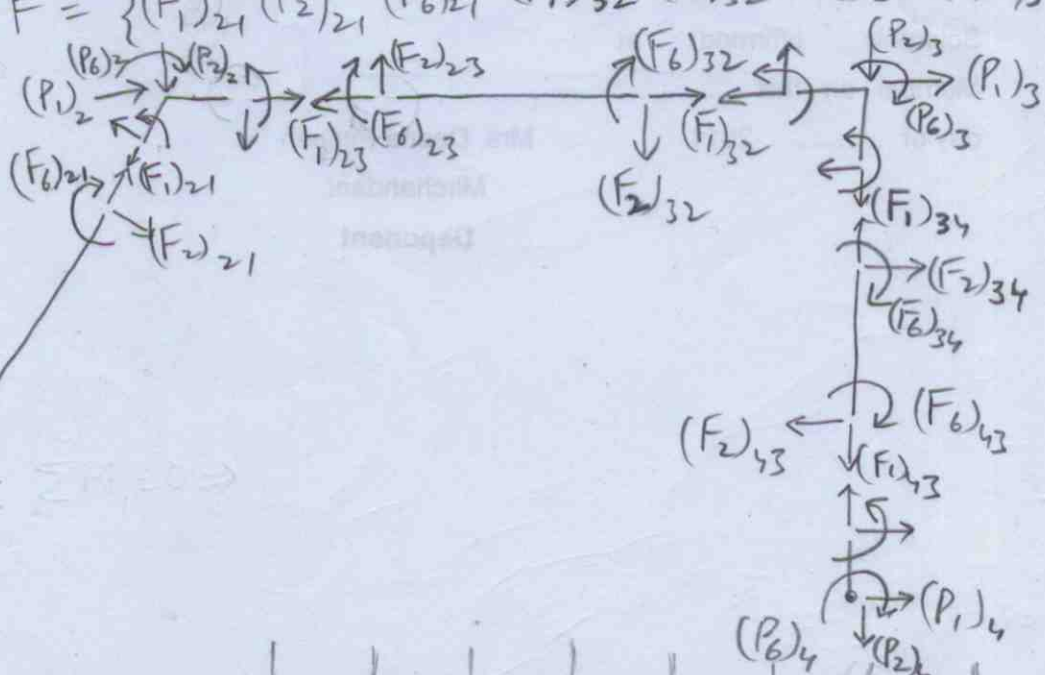
①



$$P_{II} = \{(P_1)_4\}^T$$

$$P_I = \{(P_6)_1, (P_1)_2, (P_2)_2, (P_6)_2, (P_1)_3, (P_2)_3, (P_6)_3, (P_6)_4\}^T$$

$$F = \{(F_1)_{21}, (F_2)_{21}, (F_6)_{21}, (F_1)_{32}, (F_2)_{32}, (F_6)_{32}, (F_1)_{43}, (F_2)_{43}, (F_6)_{43}\}^T$$



$\left\{ \begin{matrix} (F_1)_{21} \\ (F_2)_{21} \\ (F_6)_{21} \\ (F_1)_{32} \\ (F_2)_{32} \\ (F_6)_{32} \\ (F_1)_{43} \\ (F_2)_{43} \\ (F_6)_{43} \end{matrix} \right\}$	=	$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{12}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{20} & \frac{5+12}{13} \cdot \frac{12}{20} & \frac{-12+12.5}{13} \cdot \frac{12}{20} & \frac{12}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{20} & \frac{5+12}{13} \cdot \frac{12}{20} & 0 & \frac{12}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{20} & \frac{12}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{20} & \frac{5}{13} \\ \frac{-5}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{20} & \frac{12-5.12}{13} \cdot \frac{12}{20} & \frac{5-5.5}{13} \cdot \frac{12}{20} & \frac{-5}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{20} & \frac{12-5.12}{13} \cdot \frac{12}{20} & 0 & \frac{5}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{20} & \frac{-5}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{20} & \frac{12}{13} \\ -\frac{1}{20} \cdot 15 & \frac{-12}{20} \cdot 15 & \frac{-5}{20} \cdot 15 & \frac{1-1}{20} \cdot 15 & \frac{-12}{20} \cdot 15 & 0 & \frac{1-1}{20} \cdot 15 & \frac{-1}{20} \cdot 15 & -12 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1/20 & -12/20 & -5/20 & -1/20 & -12/20 & 1-1 & -1/20 & -1/20 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -12 \\ -1/20 & -12/20 & -5/20 & -1/20 & -12/20 & -1 & -1/20 & -1/20 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$\left\{ \begin{matrix} (P_6)_1 \\ (P_1)_2 \\ (P_2)_2 \\ (P_6)_2 \\ (P_1)_3 \\ (P_2)_3 \\ (P_6)_3 \\ (P_6)_4 \\ (P_1)_4 \end{matrix} \right\}$	
		b_I		b_{II}

$$\sum M_i = 0 \Rightarrow (P_1)_2 \cdot 12 + (P_1)_3 \cdot 12 + (P_2)_2 \cdot 5 + (P_2)_3 \cdot 20 \quad (2)$$

$$(P_6)_1 + (P_6)_2 + (P_6)_3 + (P_6)_4 + (P_2)_4 \cdot 20 = 0$$

$$= (F_1)_{43}$$

$$(F_1)_{21} - (P_1)_2 \cdot \frac{5}{13} + (P_2)_2 \cdot \frac{12}{13} - (F_1)_{23} \cdot \frac{5}{13} + (F_2)_{23} \cdot \frac{12}{13} = 0$$

$$(F_2)_{21} - (P_1)_2 \cdot \frac{12}{13} - (P_2)_2 \cdot \frac{5}{13} - (F_1)_{32} \cdot \frac{12}{13} - (F_2)_{32} \cdot \frac{5}{13} = 0$$

$$(F_6)_{32} - (P_6)_3 + (F_6)_{34} = 0$$

$$-(F_6)_{43} - (F_2)_{43} \cdot 12$$

$$(F_6)_{21} - (P_6)_2 + (F_6)_{23} = 0$$

$$-(F_6)_{32} - (F_2)_{32} \cdot 15$$

$$d_u = \begin{bmatrix} d_{22}^1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & d_{33}^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & d_{44}^3 \end{bmatrix}; \frac{1}{EA} = \frac{1}{EI_z} \cdot \frac{I_z}{A}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{3000}{106} = 3E-3$$

$$d_u = \begin{bmatrix} 13\alpha & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{13^3}{3} & \frac{13^2}{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{13^2}{2} & 13 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 15\alpha & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{15^3}{3} & \frac{15^2}{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{15^2}{2} & 15 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 12\alpha & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{12^3}{3} & \frac{12^2}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{12^2}{2} & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D_{II} = b_I^T d_u b_I ; D_{II} = b_I^T d_u b_{II}$$

$$D_{II} = b_{II}^T d_u b_I ; D_{II} = b_{II}^T d_u b_{II}$$

see
MATLAB,
file.

For $\Delta_{II} = 0,$

$$P_{II} = -D_{II}^{-1} D_{II} P_I$$

$$P_I = \{0, 10, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}^T$$

$$\Delta_I = (D_{II} - D_{II} D_{II}^{-1} D_{II}) P_I$$

$$F = F_I = b_I P_I + b_{II} P_{II}$$



%Tutorial 10 solution.
%Externally statically indeterminate

format long;

%redundant is taken as horizontal force at node 4
%member end forces in equilibrium conditions pertain to cut end
at higher node number for respective members, i.e., F21, F32, F43.

%equilibrium matrix bI

```
bI=[12/13*1/20 5/13+12/13*12/20 -12/13+12/13*5/20 12/13*1/20  
5/13+12/13*12/20 0 12/13*1/20 12/13*1/20; -5/13*1/20 12/13-  
5/13*12/20 5/13-5/13*5/20 -5/13*1/20 12/13-5/13*12/20 0 -  
5/13*1/20 -5/13*1/20; -1/20*15 -12/20*15 -5/20*15 1-1/20*15 -  
12/20*15 0 1-1/20*15 1-1/20*15; 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0; -1/20 -12/20 -  
5/20 -1/20 -12/20 0 -1/20 -1/20; 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1; -1/20 -12/20 -5/20  
-1/20 -12/20 -1 -1/20 -1/20; 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0; 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1];
```

%bI matrix (9X8), rows separated by semi-colon.

```
0.046153846153846 0.938461538461538 -0.692307692307692  
0.046153846153846 0.938461538461538 0  
0.046153846153846 0.046153846153846;  
-0.019230769230769 0.692307692307692  
0.288461538461538 -0.019230769230769 0.692307692307692  
0 -0.019230769230769 -0.019230769230769;  
-0.750000000000000 -9.000000000000000 -  
3.750000000000000 0.250000000000000 -9.000000000000000  
0 0.250000000000000 0.250000000000000;  
0 0 0 0 0  
1.000000000000000 0 0 0 0;  
-0.050000000000000 -0.600000000000000 -  
0.250000000000000 -0.050000000000000 -0.600000000000000  
0 -0.050000000000000 -0.050000000000000;
```

```

0 0 0 0 0
0 1.0000000000000000 1.0000000000000000;
-0.0500000000000000 -0.6000000000000000 -
0.2500000000000000 -0.0500000000000000 -0.6000000000000000
-1.0000000000000000 -0.0500000000000000 -
0.0500000000000000;
0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0;
0 0 0 0 0
0 0 1.0000000000000000;

```

```

%equilibrium matrix bII
bII=[5/13; 12/13; -12; 1; 0; -12; 0; -1; 0];

```

```

%A/I ratio
alpha=3e-3;

```

```

%member flexibility sub-matrices
d221=[13*alpha 0 0; 0 13^3/3 13^2/2; 0 13^2/2 13];
d332=[15*alpha 0 0; 0 15^3/3 15^2/2; 0 15^2/2 15];
d443=[12*alpha 0 0; 0 12^3/3 12^2/2; 0 12^2/2 12];

```

```

%unassembled flexibility matrix
du=[d221 zeros(3,3) zeros(3,3); zeros(3,3) d332 zeros(3,3);
zeros(3,3) zeros(3,3) d443];

```

```

du =
1.0e+003 *

```

Columns 1 through 8, rows separated by semi-colon, 9X8 matrix

```

0.0000390000000000 0 0 0
0 0 0 0;
0 0.7323333333333333 0.0845000000000000
0 0 0 0;

```

```

0      0 0.0845000000000000 0.0130000000000000
0      0      0      0      0;
0      0      0      0 0.0000450000000000
0      0      0      0;
0      0      0      0      0
1.1250000000000000 0.1125000000000000      0
0;
0      0      0      0      0
0.1125000000000000 0.0150000000000000      0
0;
0      0      0      0      0      0
0 0.0000360000000000      0;
0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0 0.5760000000000000;
0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0 0.0720000000000000;

```

Column 9

```

0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0.0720000000000000
0.0120000000000000

```

```

%assembled system (global) flexibility matrices
DI_I=bI'*du*bI; DI_II=bI'*du*bII; DII_I=bII'*du*bI;
DII_II=bII'*du*bII;

```

```

%free joint loads
PI=[0 10 0 0 0 0 0 0]';

```

%redundants

$$PII = -inv(DII_II) * DII_I * PI$$

%free displacements, global

$$DeltaI = (DI_I - DI_II * inv(DII_II) * DII_I) * PI$$

%member end forces of cut ends (cut at higher node number of respective member in the present solution)

$$FI = bI * PI + bII * PII$$

PII =

$$-3.803555852864861$$

DeltaI =

$$1.0e+003 *$$

0.321053908572123

2.699475154598626

1.124446622198703

0.032731265095582

2.699303994585248

0.000216000000000

0.042371318611257

0.316227340017527

FI =

7.921709287359669

3.412102289663205

-44.357329765621671

-3.803555852864861

-6.000000000000000

45.642670234378329

-6.000000000000000

3.803555852864861

0